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The risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to:

- future operating or financial results;
- expectations regarding the strength of the future growth of the shipping industry, including the rate of annual demand growth in the international containership industry;
- future payments of dividends and the availability of cash for payment of dividends;
- Global Ship Lease's expectations relating to dividend payments and forecasts of its ability to make such payments;
- future acquisitions, business strategy and expected capital spending;
- operating expenses, availability of crew, number of off-hire days, drydocking and survey requirements and insurance costs;
- general market conditions and shipping industry trends, including charter rates and factors affecting supply and demand;
- Global Ship Lease's ability to repay its credit facility and grow using the available funds under its credit facility;
- · assumptions regarding interest rates and inflation;
- · change in the rate of growth of global and various regional economies;
- risks incidental to vessel operation, including discharge of pollutants and vessel collisions;
- Global Ship Lease's financial condition and liquidity, including its ability to obtain additional financing in the future to fund capital expenditures, acquisitions and other general corporate
  activities;
- estimated future capital expenditures needed to preserve its capital base;
- Global Ship Lease's expectations about the availability of ships to purchase, the time that it may take to construct new ships, or the useful lives of its ships;
- Global Ship Lease's continued ability to enter into long-term, fixed-rate charters;
- Global Ship Lease's ability to capitalize on its management team's and board of directors' relationships and reputations in the containership industry to its advantage;
- changes in governmental and classification societies' rules and regulations or actions taken by regulatory authorities;
- expectations about the availability of insurance on commercially reasonable terms;
- unanticipated changes in laws and regulations; and
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### Global Ship Lease: Who We Are



#### Profile

- Containership charter-owner providing long term, fixed rate timecharters
- 12 containerships on the water; five more for delivery by July 2009; average age 5.6 years.
- Approximately \$1.0 billion fleet value
- Contracted revenue \$ 1.7 billion, with average charter length 11 years
- Approximately \$400 million investment capacity
- Listed on the NYSE on August 15, 2008, following completion of merger agreement with Marathon Acquisition Corp.

#### Strategic Focus

- To become a preferred provider of chartered containerships to top tier liner shipping companies
- Double size of invested fleet over 12 to 18 months

#### Value proposition

- For liner companies: a vessel financing and chartering partner providing a cost-effective means to free up capital and management resources for other strategic needs
- For investors: a dividend-growing investment vehicle with stable and predictable cash flows



## **Global Ship Lease: Business Strategy**



#### Provide Worldclass Service

- Become partner of choice to supply capacity to leading liner companies
- Best in class, competitive provider of chartering services
- Outsourced ship management philosophy to manage risk and diversify choice
- High safety standards and reliable service

# Expand Fleet through Accretive Acquisitions

- Expand fleet through accretive acquisitions of modern, high quality containerships
- Focus on returns / economics to ensure that acquisitions meet IRR targets and are accretive to distributable cash flow per share
- Double fleet to \$2 billion in next 12-18 months

#### Maintain Balanced Portfolio

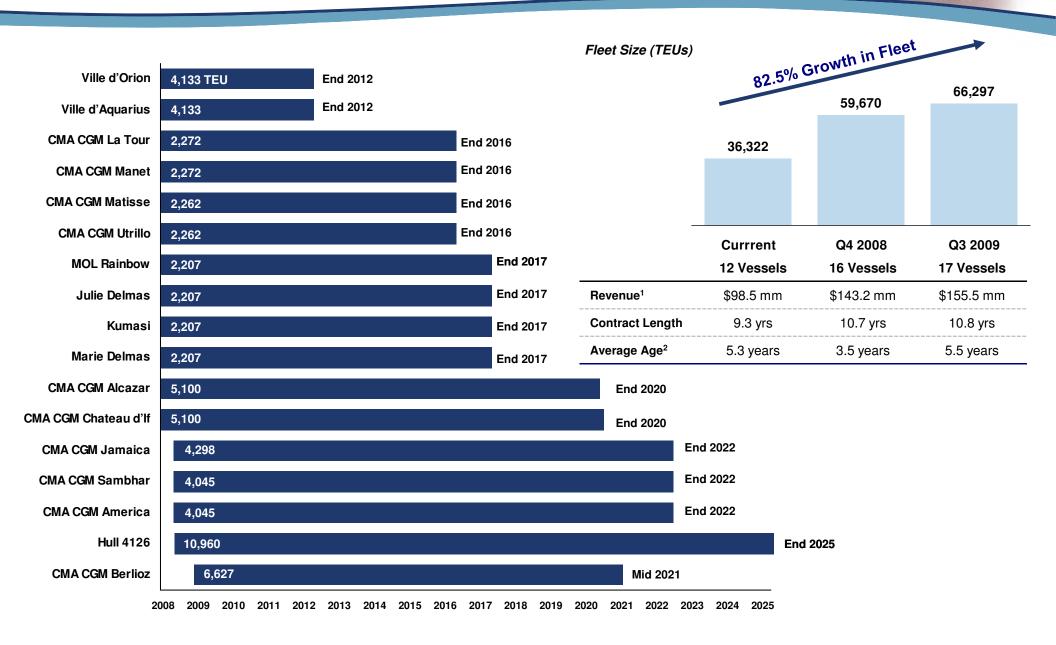
- Focus on long-term charters with staggered maturities
- Broaden customer base by adding high credit-quality charterers
- Maintain a young, diversified fleet with a range of vessel sizes

## Continue to Grow the Dividend

- Consistently increase distributable cash flow and dividends per share through accretive acquisitions
- Focus on returns to shareholders



## Modern, High Quality Fleet of Diverse Sizes: Fleet and Charter Portfolio



<sup>(2) 362</sup> onhire revenue days. No drydocking.



<sup>(3)</sup> Weighted-average age.

<sup>(3)</sup> Based on current and contracted fleet.





#### **Pro Forma 17 Vessel Contracted Fleet Economics**

(\$ in million except per share data)	PF 6 Month Results 6/30/08 12 Vessel Fleet	Run Rate 2010 17 Vessel Fleet
Revenue <sup>(1)</sup>	\$49.1	\$155.5
Operating Expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	(13.8)	(47.6)
SG&A	(4.4)	(6.3)
EBITDA	\$30.9	\$101.6
Less: Net Interest Expense	(5.9)	(28.4)
Less: Preferred Dividend	(1.2)	(2.4)
Less: Tax	(0.0)	(0.1)
Less: Drydocking <sup>(3)</sup>	(1.4)	(3.6)
Distributable Cash Flow	\$22.3	\$67.0
Dividend Per Share	\$0.46	\$0.92
Shares Outstanding <sup>(4)</sup>	53.2	53.2
Common	33.5	45.8
Subordinated	7.4	7.4
Dividends to Common	\$15.4	\$42.2
Common Dividend Coverage	1.45x	1.59x
Dividends to Subordinated <sup>(5)</sup>	\$0.0	\$6.8
Total Dividend Coverage	1.45x	1.37x

Source: Management Estimates for pro forma 17 vessel fleet. The numbers contained above are for illustrative purposes only and are based on a variety of assumptions and estimates which may prove to be inaccurate.



<sup>(1) 362</sup> onhire revenue days. No drydocking.

<sup>(2)</sup> Operating expenses based on capped rates at 365 days per year plus insurance costs, accidents and incidents. Technical management fees of \$114,000 per vessel per year.

<sup>(3)</sup> Based on dry-docking cost estimates of management.

<sup>(4) 8.5</sup>mm share repurchased; 7.7mm shares converted. No warrants exercised.

<sup>(5)</sup> The subordinated shares are not entitled to dividends until Q408. The 12.8 mm shares of Class C common stock convert to Class A common stock on January 1, 2009 and are not entitled to dividends paid prior to their conversion.

<sup>(6)</sup> Before starting dividend

## Significant Growth Opportunities: Our Strategic Focus



**Deal Analytics** 

- Objective: Build a portfolio of high quality assets diversified by charterer, charter term and vessel size
- Analysis on four dimensions:
  - Asset quality & liquidity
  - Charterer strength
  - Portfolio effects
  - Economics/returns

**Target Returns** 

- Portfolio level:
  - Accretive to distributable cash flows and dividends per share
- Asset level:
  - High single digit unlevered IRR
  - Low double digit IRR at long term target LTV

Financing Structure

- 50-60% long term target / steady state LTV
- Scope for higher LTV on temporary basis to capitalize on exceptional acquisition opportunities
- Swap debt into fixed rate

Generate attractive returns and grow distributable cash flow for shareholders through accretive vessel acquisitions



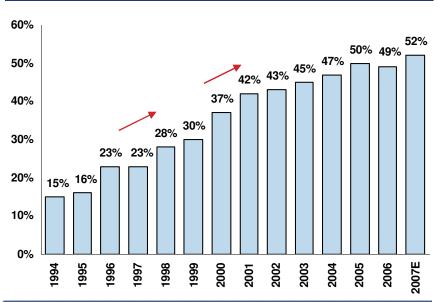
## Significant Growth Opportunities: Considerable Financial Strength

- Purchase of initial and contracted fleet of 17 vessels fully funded debt and equity
- Approximately \$385 million to fund the acquisition of additional vessels
  - > \$195 million from credit facility
  - > \$190 million (net) from warrant proceeds by Aug 2010
- Competitively priced credit facility
  - > \$800 million revolver
  - > \$195 million undrawn
  - > 8 years tenor
  - > 5 years non-amortizing
  - Grid pricing at US\$-L + 75 -110 bps
  - Interest rates predominantly hedged
  - Banks: Citi, Fortis, HSH Nordbank, SMBC, KFW, DnB NOR
- Proforma loan \$606 million to value \$1.1 billion 55%
- Long term target 40% equity 60% debt
  - Capitalize on market conditions
  - Maintain flexibility for acquisition and expansion opportunities
  - Long-term target 50-60% LTV
  - Strong relationships with bank group

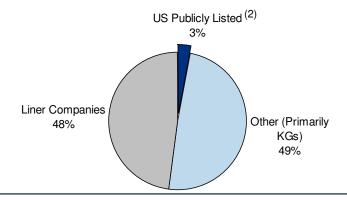


## Attractive Industry Outlook: Significant Opportunities for Charter Owners

#### **Increasing Trend Towards Outsourcing**



#### Containership Ownership Breakdown (1)



**Current Fleet:** 4,357 Vessels/10.7mm TEU capacity<sup>(3)</sup> **Orderbook:** 1,414 Vessels/6.5mm TEU capacity

#### **Industry Dynamics Favor Charter Owners**

- Chartered-in vessels approx. 52% of the top 10 liners capacity and is increasing (compared to ~15% in 1994)
- Containership charter owners benefit from a pro- and counter-cyclical business model
  - Sale and charter back transactions tend to increase in times of economic weakness
  - Liners charter-in during upswings to rapidly ramp-up capacity
- Significant economic savings to liners from outsourcing vs owning

#### **Growth Opportunity in Market**

- Containership market is highly fragmented and growing rapidly
- US listed containership companies represent a small percentage of the market but are extremely well positioned for rapid growth
- GSL is the 20<sup>th</sup> largest containership charter owner in the world and should be able to move quickly into the top 10

Source: Drewry's and management estimates as of January 2008.

- (1) Current on-the-water fleet by TEU.
- (2) US publicly listed includes Seaspan, Danaos and GSL.
- (3) Excludes multi-purpose and ro-ro vessels.



## **Significant Growth Opportunities: Positive Industry Dynamics**

## 1) Existing Tonnage – Liners and Other Independent Charter Owners



Estimated Worldwide Fleet as of April 2008 4,450 Vessels/11.1mm TEU capacity (1)

#### 2) Current Orderbook (2008-2011+)

Significant industry orderbook needs to be financed

Large Orderbook: 1,348 Vessels / 6.4mm TEU Capacity

#### 3) Trend to Charter-In Vessels

Slow steaming and economic weakness drives demand for chartered-in vessels 60% 42%43%45%\_ 50% 37% 40% 28% 30% 30% 20% 15% 16% 10% 2000 2002 2003 2004 2005 1995 1996 1999 2001 1998 1997

### **Experienced Management Team**



## lan Webber Chief Executive Officer

- CP Ships, 1996-2006: CFO and Director
  - Public company traded on NYSE and TSE
  - Sold to Hapag-Lloyd in 2005 for \$2.3 bn
- Pricewaterhouse, 1979-1996: Partner, 1991-1996

## Susan Cook Chief Financial Officer

- P&O, 1986-2006: Group Head of Specialized Finance, Head of Structured Finance, Deputy Group Treasurer
- Chartered Management Accountant and Member of Association of Corporate Treasurers

## Thomas Lister Chief Commercial Officer

- DVB Bank, 2005-2007: Specialist transport asset financier. SVP & Head of Singapore ship leasing and investment fund project
- Nordcapital, 2004-2005: German KG ship financier and asset manager. Director of business development
- >10 years experience in various roles with liner shipping companies

## Ian Greig Operations

- CP Ships 1985-2007 in various operational roles finally as VP Marine Operations responsible for all aspects of operating 40 owned and numerous chartered in vessels
- Master Mariner. At sea 1969-1985 on various vessel types as Deck Officer rising to Chief Officer.



## **Majority Independent Board**



#### Michael Gross

- Chairman and CEO of Marathon Acquisition Corp
- Partner of investment firm Magnetar Capital
- Chairman and CEO of investment firm Solar Capital
- Apollo Investment Management LP, 1990 2006; President and CEO 2004 2006

#### Howard Boyd

- Board of Safmarine
- Consultant to AP Moller-Maersk
- CEO of Safmarine,1996 2004 (acquired by APMM in 1999)
- Various roles within Safmarine 1970 1995

#### **Guy Morel**

- General Secretary of Intermanager, the international association of ship managers
- Professor of corporate finance at International University of Monaco, 2005 2007
- President and COO of MC Shipping, 1993 2004
- Co-founder, director and shareholder of V.Ships Inc, 1979 1993

#### Angus Frew

- President and CEO GE SeaCo SRL, 2003 2008
- SVP of container division and officer of GE Sea Containers Ltd, 2003 2005
- 1990 2002: senior management roles in Grand Met, Diageo, and Seagrams

#### Jeff Pribor

- Currently EVP and CFO of General Maritime Corp
- MD and President of DnB NOR US-based investment banking division, 2002 2004
- MD and Group Head of Transportation for ABN AMRO, 2001 2002
- >15 years in investment banking and corporate law at various other institutions



## **Global Ship Lease: Investment Highlights**



Modern, High Quality Fleet Of Diverse Sizes

- Young fleet with average age of fleet of 5.5 years post contracted deliveries
- Flexible vessel type attractive for charters; able to operate on a variety of trade lanes
- Balanced portfolio of vessel sizes closely mirrors global feet profile

Long-term Stable Cash Flows

- Sizeable, contracted revenue with 11 year avg. charter term
- Predictable cost structure
- Attractive credit facility pricing LIBOR + 75 to 110bps (based upon leverage level); debt swapped into fixed rate

Attractive Industry
Outlook

- Sustainable long-term growth from globalization and expansion of emerging markets
- 10% CAGR demand in containerized trade for past 20 years
- Increasing trend to charter-in capacity by liner companies especially during economic weakness
- Slow steaming increases utilization of vessels given significant fuel cost savings for charterers

Significant Current and Future Growth Opportunities

- Over 80% fleet capacity (TEU) growth; 60% contracted revenue growth by 3Q09
- Significant industry orderbook needs to be financed
- Expanding charter owner in fragmented market
- GSL has significant financial flexibility to make accretive acquisitions

Experienced Management Team and Independent

**Board** 

- Management has diverse, long-standing industry relationships
  - CEO Ian Webber (former CFO of CP Ships ), CFO Susan Cook (former Group Head of Specialized Finance at P&O) and CCO Thomas Lister (former ship financier at DVB Bank)
- Management team actively pursuing acquisition opportunities
- Board expertise includes Capital Markets, Liner Shipping, Ship Management, Leasing, and Ship Owning



## **Appendix: Our Role in Container Trade**



#### **Business Overview**

- Owns and charters-out containerships under long-term, fixed-rate charters
- Strategy is to grow by acquiring and chartering-out vessels to additional counterparties to increase distributable cash flow per share

#### **Role of Liner Companies**

- Source and aggregate cargo from shippers
- Load and discharge containers
- Ocean carriage
- Land based logistical functions



Profitable but volatile cash flows; huge capital needs

#### **Role of Charter Owners (GSL)**

- Own and provide vessels to container liner companies under long-term charters
- Be the competitive alternative to direct ownership and other charter companies like German KGs
- No commodity or fuel price risk
- No exposure to spot market







Stable cash flows under longterm charters



## **Appendix: Acquisition of Two Newbuildings**



- Two 4,250 teu newbuildings for delivery Q4 2010
- Purchase price approximately \$77 million each
- Seven to eight year committed charters at \$28,000 (net) with top quality charterer
- Accretive to earnings and cashflow
- Incremental annual revenue approximately \$20 million and EBITDA \$15 million
- Being built at established Chinese yard; units 19 and 20 in a series of 44 x 4,250s
- Two vessel acquisition increases existing and contracted fleet to 19 vessels total 74,800 teu capacity; up 106% on today's deployed capacity
- Deal increases contracted revenue to \$1.8 billion
- Fully financed under credit facility and/or proceeds from exercise of warrants

